

Loan Implementation Package for 457/401 Plan Sponsors

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Introduction and Summary Instructions for 457 and 401 Plan Sponsors

Making a loan program available in your retirement plan will provide eligible plan participants with the ability to borrow money from their accounts. As the administrator of your loan program, ICMA-RC will attempt to minimize the amount of resources you need to devote to the program. However, there are administrative and fiduciary responsibilities associated with offering loans which, as a practical matter, cannot be delegated to ICMA-RC.

Please review all of the information in this packet carefully prior to submitting the applicable forms to implement the loan program in your plan.

The below instructions provide you with easy-to-follow steps to implement a loan program in your ICMA-RC 457 or 401 plan.

- STEP 1: Review the Loan Guidelines Agreement Instructions carefully prior to returning the required forms to implement your plan's loan program.
- Complete the Loan Guidelines Agreement. **STEP 2:**
- **STEP 3:** Determine whether any formal action is required by your legislative body and/or plan administrative committee to implement a loan program. If formal action is required, you may want to use the suggested resolution in this packet.
- **STEP 4:** Complete the following documents (if applicable)
 - 457 Plan Loan Administration Agreement If you have multiple 457 plan providers, you must complete and return this document to ICMA-RC.
 - Loan Amendment (401 Plans Only) If you are amending your existing 401 plan to add loan provisions, you must complete and return this document to ICMA-RC.
- **STEP 5:** Return copies of the following documents to ICMA-RC (please be sure to submit all pages and retain the originals for your records):
 - Loan Guidelines Agreement
 - Loan Amendment to the 401 Plan Adoption Agreement (if applicable)
 - 457 Plan Loan Administration Agreement (if applicable)
 - Suggested Resolution (if applicable)

OR MAIL TO: Workflow Management Team **ICMA-RC** 202-682-6439 ATTN: Workflow Management Team P.O. Box 96220 Washington, DC 20090-6220

STEP 6: Please allow 5–7 business days for ICMA-RC to establish your plan's loan program.

Please retain original copies of any documents you return to ICMA-RC for your records.

If you have any questions relating to the adoption process, please contact your Plan Sponsor Services team at 800-326-7272.

Loan Guidelines Agreement Instructions

The information in this packet is intended to assist you with implementing a loan program within your ICMA-RC 457 or 401 plan(s). The packet provides an overview of the issues and complexities of establishing and maintaining a loan program under the most common types of retirement plan arrangements. It is not intended to be all inclusive. Special situations and/or solutions not discussed in this document will need to be reviewed on a case-by-case basis.

The instructions contain information that will help you understand the decisions you will need to make when you establish your loan program and help you complete the Loan Guidelines Agreement. Please carefully review the information in this section and complete all applicable sections of the Loan Guidelines Agreement.

Here are a few of the elections that you will need to make:

- Will loans be available for all purposes or only in hardship situations?
- How many loans will participants be allowed to have outstanding at one time? (up to five)
- · How long will participants have to repay a loan used to purchase a new primary residence? (up to 30 years)
- How will participants repay their loans? (payroll deduction, ACH payments from their bank accounts, or both)

In order to offer loans within your retirement plan, the Internal Revenue Code requires that you establish written guidelines that govern the Plan's loan program. You may elect to use the Loan Guidelines Agreement to serve this purpose for your Plan.

If you have any questions relating to the process of implementing a loan program, please contact your Plan Sponsor Services team at 800-326-7272.

Section I: Employer Plan Information

Enter the name of your employer plan. Also specify the plan type and your ICMA-RC plan number.

Section II: Eligibility & Loan Source

Loans are available to all active employees, except those with an existing loan in default.

Loan Source — Use this section to specify the sources that will be available for participant loans.

Section III: Loan Purpose

Specify whether loans may be taken for (A) all purposes or (B) only in the case of hardship. If you choose the "all purposes" option, more of your employees are likely to request loans than if you select the "hardship only" option.

- (A) All Purposes
- (B) Hardship Only

401 Plans: Under the Code, only employers can authorize a loan for hardship purposes. Generally, for loan purposes, the IRS defines "hardship" situations for these purposes to include, but not to be limited to: unreimbursed medical expenses, buying or rehabilitating the participant's principal residence, and paying for college education for the participant or his/her qualified dependents. Car loan, car repairs, and the purchase or repair of a vacation or rental property would not be included in the hardship definition.

Employers have the ability to make their plan's loan program more restrictive under both of the above options.

Section IV: Application Process

No action is required in this section. The application process available to participants will vary depending on the option you select in Section III (Loan Purpose).

Section V: Maximum Number of Loans

Specify whether participants may have only one (1) or up to five (5) loans outstanding at one time. The option you choose in this section will have a significant impact on the number of loans made from your plan. Regardless of your election, a participant may receive a maximum of one (1) loan per calendar year.

Note: If you select Payroll Deduction as a repayment option for your participants in Section VIII, each loan repayment for each pay period must be accounted for separately. As such, repayments of multiple loans are a much larger burden on your payroll system (and personnel) than a repayment of a single loan.

Section VI: Logn Amount

No action is required in this section. The Maximum Loan Amount Worksheet includes instructions you can use to calculate the maximum loan amount for a participant. The loan modeling option on ICMA-RC's Account Access website can also be used to calculate a participant's maximum loan amount.

Section VII: Length of Loan

Loans must be repaid in substantially equal installments of principal and interest over a period that does not exceed five (5) years. However, if the participant will be using the loan to purchase a principal residence, the five (5) year time limit may not apply. In this section of the form, you specify the maximum repayment period for principal residence loans, with 30 years being the maximum term.

In determining the maximum repayment period for residential loans, you should be mindful that the loan term may extend beyond the period the participant is employed by you. If you allow employees to continue to pay their loans after they separate from service (see the Acceleration section), repayments would continue by the participant, through you, for the entire term of the loan (e.g., 30 years). Every payroll period, the participant (former employee) will be required to give you a check for the periodic loan repayment amount. You then include this amount with your next contribution submittal to ICMA-RC. Loan repayments may not be made directly to ICMA-RC by the participant, unless you choose ACH debit as a repayment option in Section VIII.

Section VIII: Loan Repayment Process

Specify the repayment method(s) and repayment frequency your plan will use.

Repayment Method — You can allow repayments to be made via payroll deduction and/or ACH payments from a participant's bank account.

(1) Payroll Deduction — With this option, you will include the loan repayment detail when you remit contribution detail to ICMA-RC via the EZLink website.

Initiating Payroll Deduction

Payroll deduction should begin within two payroll cycles following the employee's receipt of the loan. Employees using this method must notify the Employer immediately so that repayments will begin as soon as practicable, on a date determined by the Employer's payroll cycle. Failure to begin payroll deduction in a timely manner could lead to the employee's loan entering delinquency status.

(2) ACH — With this option, participants authorize ICMA-RC to debit loan repayments directly from the participant's bank account via Automated Clearing House (ACH). This feature frees you of the burden of establishing and monitoring loan repayments via payroll deduction.

ADDITIONAL LOAN REPAYMENTS AND EARLY PAY-OFF

A participant may pay off all or a portion of the principal and interest early without penalty or additional fee. Extra payments are applied forward to both principal and interest as specified in the original repayment schedule, unless the additional payment is for the full balance due. Please note that no payment date may be "skipped" even if the employee has made a large payment or submitted multiple payments.

Section IX: Loan Interest Rate

No action is required in this section. It simply describes the interest rate that will be used for participant loans.

Section X: Security/Collateral

No action is required in this section. It simply describes the amount that will be used as collateral for participant loans.

Section XI: Acceleration

Specify whether participants who have separated from service will be able to continue loan repayments until they have withdrawn their entire account balance from the plan, or if outstanding loans will be due and payable at the time participants separate from service.

You should consider the options in this section carefully, since your election will impact when outstanding loans become taxable to participants. If a participant does not repay the outstanding loan amount at the time it is due, the loan is "foreclosed," and the outstanding loan amount must be reported by ICMA-RC as a taxable distribution in the year of the foreclosure.

Given the burdens associated with collecting loan repayments from former employees, you may not wish to maintain a potentially long term "relationship" with former employees (especially in the case of residential loans).

Section XII: Reamortization

No action is required in this section. It simply provides information related to the reamortization of participant loans.

Section XIII: Refinance

No action is required in this section. It simply provides information related to the refinancing of participant loans.

Section XIV: Reduction of Loan

No action is required in this section. It simply describes how outstanding loans will be handled in the event of a participant's death.

Section XV: Deemed Distributions

No action is required in this section. However you should familiarize yourself with this information and note that loan repayments must be made in accordance with the plan document, plan loan guidelines, and as reflected in the promissory note signed by the participant. Failure to make loan repayments according to the loan terms will result in the outstanding loan balance being deemed distributed and taxable to the participant.

TIMING

A loan will be deemed distributed when a scheduled payment is still unpaid at the end of the calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which the payment was due. For example, if a participant does not make a loan payment that was scheduled to be made on February 1, the maximum cure period for the repayment is June 30. If the total amount of all delinquent payments is not received by the end of the cure period, the loan is deemed distributed.

CONSEQUENCES OF DEEMED DISTRIBUTED LOANS (EMPLOYERS)

Employers who do not ensure proper loan repayment practices in their retirement loan programs risk not only having individual participant loans being deemed distributed, but also potentially jeopardize the taxfavored status of the entire plan. In the extreme, plans with mismanaged loan programs — a high occurrence of deemed distributed loans, and/or program participants in default, for example — may be disqualified (in the case of 401 plans) or classified as ineligible (for 457 plans) by the IRS. Disqualification results in the loss of tax-deferred status for all contributions and a possible increase in the taxable income for participating employees.

It is a plan sponsor's fiduciary obligation to properly manage the retirement plan and its benefits. Mismanagement of a loan program may be considered failure to meet this fiduciary obligation and may expose a plan sponsor to litigation, in addition to being in violation of applicable laws and regulations.

Employers, as plan sponsors and fiduciaries, have an obligation to comply with plan document and loan guideline requirements applicable to participant loans. In this regard, loan payments must be made in accordance with the plan document, plan loan guidelines, and as reflected in the promissory note signed by the participant. Employers retain this obligation if there is a loan program associated with their retirement plan, regardless of the provisions governing the loan program.

CONSEQUENCES OF DEEMED DISTRIBUTED LOANS (PARTICIPANTS)

The principal balance, in addition to any accrued interest, is reported as a distribution to the IRS. However, the taxable distribution is not the only event in conjunction with a deemed distribution. The following negative consequences occur as a result of deemed distribution.

- The deemed distribution is a taxable event. However, it is not an actual distribution and therefore remains an asset of the participant's account. The outstanding loan balance and accrued interest continue to be reported on the participant's account statements.
- Repayment of a deemed distribution will not change or reverse the taxable event.
- The loan continues to be considered outstanding until it is repaid or "offset" using the participant's account balance. An offset can occur only if the participant is eligible to receive a distribution from the plan as outlined in your plan document.
- Participants are required to repay any outstanding deemed distributed loan before they can become eligible for a new loan. The deemed distributed loan and any interest accrued since the date it became a taxable event is taken into account when determining the maximum amount available for a new loan.
- A participant who has had a prior deemed distribution must make repayments to a new loan through payroll deduction, or provide proof of adequate security.

Section XVI: Fees

No action is required in this section. It simply provides that fees may be charged for various services associated with the application for and issuance of loans. Participants should review the Annual Service and Fee Disclosure notice(s) for your plan for more information on the applicable fees.

Section XVII: Signatures

Please have an authorized plan representative sign and date this section of the agreement.

SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

Emergency Withdrawals (457 Plans Only)

457 Plans: Loans must be coordinated with unforeseeable emergency withdrawals. The emergency withdrawal

regulations under Section 457 of the Code require that an emergency withdrawal be a resource of the "last resort." If the participant is able to take a loan or refinance a current loan from your ICMA-RC 457 plan or any other plan you sponsor, the participant has resources available to meet, or partially meet, the financial need. Therefore, a participant will be required to take or refinance a loan before taking an emergency withdrawal.

Many emergency withdrawals are not approved because the financial need, while serious, may not meet the conditions itemized in the 457 regulations. The ability to take a loan allows participants to have access to money that is not otherwise available. And the repayment process for loans ensures that participants replenish their accounts, thereby preserving their retirement savings.

Qualified Join and Survivor Annuity (Applies to Some 401 Plans Only)

If your plan uses the Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity as the default form of payment, married participants must obtain spousal consent prior to obtaining a loan. The employee's spouse must consent, in writing, to the loan and the consent must be witnessed by a plan representative or notary public. Such consent must be received in writing by ICMA-RC no more than ninety (90) days before the loan request is submitted through Account Access. In the case of the Direct Loan Application, spousal consent should be sent along with the application.

Please be advised, that some states recognize a status, such as a civil union or registered domestic partnership, to carry the same rights and obligations as marriage under state law.

Multiple Plans/Providers

If you have more than one retirement plan which offers loans, including "co-administered" or "co-provider" plans, ICMA-RC will administer your loan program in your plan(s) with ICMA-RC, but you will have to perform some loan verification activities. You will need to perform these activities if loans are available to your employees from several like retirement plans, such as two separate qualified plans, or if you have different types of retirement plans (e.g. Section 457 deferred compensation and section 401 qualified plan). The degree of your involvement will depend on your situation.

1. MULTIPLE PLANS

The Code sets a maximum on the aggregate of all loans from all retirement plans in which the employee participates. If you offer retirement plans through multiple plan providers, no provider will be able to calculate, by

itself, the maximum amount that a participant may borrow at any point in time. Since only you, the employer, can determine the current outstanding loan balance and the highest outstanding loan balance in the past 12 months from all loans from any retirement plans, you will have to calculate the maximum amount that may be borrowed. This will involve obtaining all loan amounts currently outstanding and repaid in the last 12 months. Please refer to the Maximum Loan Amount Worksheet for instructions you can use to calculate the maximum loan amount for a participant.

If you elect online loans, participants are asked to input all outstanding loan balances in their online worksheet so that the program can properly calculate the maximum amount. Participants are on the "honor system" when they enter other loan amounts; ICMA-RC is unable to verify any loan amounts associated with plans administered by other providers. However, if there are any outstanding loans in other plans administered by ICMA-RC, our online program will take them into account.

2. SINGLE RETIREMENT PLAN/MULTIPLE PROVIDERS

If you have adopted a single retirement plan with one master plan document under which ICMA-RC and your other administrator(s) must operate, then you may ultimately have to self-administer your loan program, unless you require:

- that the maximum that may be borrowed from any provider is 50 percent of the balance with that provider
- that the loan must be repaid only to the provider from which the loan was made.

3. MULTIPLE TYPES OF RETIREMENT PLANS/MULTIPLE PROVIDERS

If you make loans available to your employees from all of your retirement plans (e.g. Section 457 deferred compensation plan and Section 401 qualified plan), no administrator will be able to calculate, by itself, the maximum amount that a participant may borrow at any point in time. This is because the Code sets a maximum on the aggregate of all loans from all 401 and 457 plans in which the participant participates. Since only you, the employer, can determine the current outstanding loan balance and the highest outstanding loan balance in the past 12 months from all loans from any 401 or 457 plans, you will have to calculate the maximum amount that may be borrowed. This will involve obtaining all loan amounts currently outstanding and repaid in the last 12 months. Please refer to the Maximum Loan Amount Worksheet for instructions you can use to calculate the maximum loan amount for a participant.



LOAN GUIDELINES AGREEMENT

The purpose of this agreement is to establish the terms and conditions under which the Employer will grant loans to participants. You should consider each option carefully before making your selections because your selections will apply to all loans made while the selection is in effect. If you later change any provision, the changes will apply only to loans made after the change is adopted. Loans in existence at the time of any future changes will continue to operate under the guidelines that were in effect at the time the loan was originally made.

Please read the instructions and carefully complete all sections of this agreement. New Loan Program Amendment to Loan Program I. EMPLOYER PLAN INFORMATION Name of Plan (Enter the complete Employer name, including state): 457 Deferred Compensation Plan 401 Profit-Sharing Plan Plan Type: 401(a) Money Purchase Plan ICMA-RC Plan Number: ___ II. ELIGIBILITY & LOAN SOURCE Loans are available to all active employees, except those with an existing loan in default. **401 Plans** — If your 401 plan is funded by a combination of Employer and Employee contributions, you must specify whether one or both of the following can be used as a source for participant loans. (Select one or both options below) Employer Contribution Account (vested balances only) Participant Contribution Accounts (pre- and post-tax, if applicable, including Employee Mandatory, Employee Voluntary, Employer Rollover, and Portable Benefits Accounts, but excluding the Deductible Employee Contribution/Qualified Voluntary Employee Contribution Account) Roth Assets (if applicable) — If your 457 or 401(k) plan allows Roth contributions, a participant's Designated Roth Account balance will be included when calculating the amount a participant is eligible to borrow. However, you must specify whether or not a participant's Designated Roth Account can be used as a source for participant loans. (Select one option below) A participant's Designated Roth Account will not be available as a source for loans under the plan (default option) A participant's Designated Roth Account will be available as a source for loans under the Plan. Note: If Roth assets are available as a source for loans, a loan that is deemed distributed will not satisfy the requirements for a qualified (tax-free) distribution of Roth assets. This may result in participants paying taxes on assets that would otherwise be available tax-free. III. LOAN PURPOSE Loans are available for the following purposes and must be requested in the corresponding method (select one): All Purposes — With this option, participants can request a loan for any reason. Participants will be able to request new loans or refinance existing loans using the Online Loans option. Hardship Only — With this option, loans shall only be granted in the event of a participant's hardship or for the purpose of enabling a participant to meet certain specified financial situations. Participants will need to complete the loan application form for your plan and obtain your approval (Online Loans is not available). The employer shall approve the participant's loan application after determining, based on all relevant facts and circumstances that the amount of the loan is not in excess of the amount required to relieve the financial need, as defined by the employer. For this purpose,

financial need shall include, but not be limited to: unreimbursed medical expenses of the participant or members of the participant's immediate family, establishing or substantially rehabilitating the principal residence of the participant, or paying for a college education

(including graduate studies) for the participant or his/her dependents.

IV. APPLICATION PROCESS

The loan application process will vary depending on the option you selected in Section III above (Loan Purpose).

(A) ALL PURPOSES

- Online Loans Participants can request a new loan or to refinance an existing loan using the ICMA-RC website at www.icmarc.org (Online Loans).
- Direct Check Issuance ICMA-RC sends loan documents with the loan check to the participant. When the participant endorses the check, that endorsement signifies acceptance of loan terms.

(B) HARDSHIP ONLY

- Paper Application A loan application must be completed, signed by the participant and approved by you, the employer.
- · Check Issuance Upon receipt of an approved loan application, ICMA-RC will prepare the required loan documents (i.e., the promissory note and loan disclosure statement), and send them to the employer with the loan check.
 - The loan check may not be given to the participant until the loan documents have been signed by the participant. Because the promissory note is considered a plan asset, all loan documents must be completed and preserved for at least the life of the loan. The employer should retain the original loan documents and send copies of all documents to ICMA-RC

The loan amount will generally be redeemed from the employee's account on the same day as either ICMA-RC receipt of a loan request/ application (complete and in good order), if it is submitted prior to 4:00 p.m. ET on a business day. If not, the loan amount will be redeemed on the next business day following submission. The loan check for an all purpose loan is generally issued on the next business day following redemption, and will be mailed directly to the employee. The loan check for a hardship loan will be sent to the employer. The employee's presentment of the loan check for payment constitutes an acknowledgment that the employee has received and read the loan disclosure information provided by ICMA-RC and agrees to the terms therein.

V. MAXIMUM NUMBER OF LOANS (SELECT ONE)

| Participants may receive one loan per calendar year. Please specify whether participants may have only one (1) or up to five (5) loans | |
|--|--|
| outstanding at one time. | |
| One (1). Participants may have only one (1) outstanding loan at a time. | |
| Five (5). Participants may have up to five (5) loans outstanding at one time. | |
| Other. Participants may have up to (enter 2, 3, or 4) loans outstanding at one time. | |
| | |

VI. LOAN AMOUNT

Maximum: The maximum amount of all loans to a participant from the Plan and all other plans of the Employer that are either eligible deferred compensation plans described in section 457(b) of the Code or qualified employer plans under Section 72(p)(4) of the Code (e.g., 401(a) plans) shall not exceed the lesser of:

- (1) \$50,000, or
- (2) One-half of the value of the Participant's interest in all of his or her Accounts under this Plan.

When calculating the maximum amount a participant is eligible to borrow from his/her account, the lesser value of (1) or (2) above must be reduced by the participant's highest outstanding loan balance over the past 12 months.

Minimum: The minimum loan amount is \$1,000.

A loan cannot be issued for more than the maximum amount. The participant's requested loan amount is subject to downward adjustment without notice due to market fluctuation between the time of application and the time the loan is issued.

Loan amounts will be taken pro-rata from all of a participant's investments.

LOAN GUIDELINES AGREEMENT

VII. LENGTH OF LOAN

Loans must be repaid in substantially equal installments of principal and interest over a period that does not exceed five (5) years.

Principal Residence Loans

If the participant will be using the loan to purchase a principal residence, the five (5) year time limit may not apply. Participants can repay a principal residence loan over a period of up to 30 years. Please specify the maximum repayment period for principal residence loans from your plan below.

Maximum repayment period for principal residence loans = _____ (Enter a number of years, up to 30)

VIII. LOAN REPAYMENT PROCESS

Specify the repayment method(s) and repayment frequency your plan will use. Note that loan amounts plus interest, minus applicable fees paid to ICMA-RC, are repaid to participant accounts and not to ICMA-RC. You can allow repayments to be made via payroll deduction and/or ACH payments from a participant's bank account. Loan repayments must be made at least monthly (457) or quarterly (401).

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| Payroll deduction only. | |
|---|-------|
| ☐ ACH debit only.* | |
| ☐ Employee may choose either payroll deduction or ACH debit.* | |
| *ACH Payment Rejected Fee — If a loan repayment scheduled to be paid via ACH debit is rejected due to insufficient funds, invalid bank account information, or account closure, a fee will be charged to the participant's account. The fee is \$20 for the first occurrence and \$50 for each subsequent occurrence. | |
| epayment Frequency (Select One): | |
| epayments through payroll deduction will be sent via check or wire by the Employer to ICMA-RC on the following cycle (choose o | one): |
| ☐ Weekly (52 per year) | |

Initiating Repayments:

☐ Bi-weekly (26 per year) Semi-monthly (24 per year) Monthly (12 per year)

- ACH debits from the employee's designated bank account will begin approximately one month following the date the employee's signed ACH authorization form is received and processed by ICMA-RC, or, in the case of online loans, approximately one month following the date the loan check has been cleared for payment. Debits will normally be made on a monthly basis.
- Payroll deduction should begin within two payroll cycles following the employee's receipt of the loan. Employees using this method must notify the Employer immediately so that repayments will begin as soon as practicable, on a date determined by the Employer's payroll cycle. Failure to begin payroll deduction in a timely manner could lead to the employee's loan entering delinquency status.

Investment of Loan Repayments

All loan repayments are invested according to the instructions the participant has on file for the investment of contributions to his/her account.

Additional Loan Repayments and Early Pay-Off

A participant may pay off all or a portion of the principal and interest early without penalty or additional fee. Extra payments are applied forward to both principal and interest as specified in the original repayment schedule, unless the additional payment is for the full balance due. Please note that no payment date may be "skipped" even if the employee has made a large payment or submitted multiple payments.

VIII. LOAN REPAYMENT PROCESS (CONTINUED)

Loans in Default

Participants using the ACH repayment option may default on their loans for lack of repayment more frequently than those using the payroll deduction method. For this reason, you may choose to require that certain participants use the payroll deduction repayment method.

Multiple Loans

If a participant has multiple loans outstanding from the plan, each loan repayment must be separately reported to ICMA-RC.

Former Employees and Leave of Absence

Former employees and employees on a leave of absence must repay their loans on the same schedule that would have applied had they continued employment.

Your plan may allow terminated employees to continue to repay their loans either through ACH, or by giving/sending you a check each repayment period (see the Acceleration section). If you allow terminated employees to repay loans by giving/sending you a check, you will include the repayment amounts in your next regular employee contribution remittance to ICMA-RC.

In certain situations, employers may suspend loan repayments for a period of time for employees on a leave of absence or military leave. Please refer to Treasury Regulation section 1.72(p)-1, Q&A-9 for more information.

Repayments Must Continue

In implementing a loan program you should be aware that some employers have had to contend with the inability of some participants to repay their loan(s). You should be aware that you may not stop taking loan repayments from the employee's paycheck — even if the employee asks that repayments be stopped. Failure to payroll-deduct loan repayments on schedule could both jeopardize the eligibility or qualification of the entire plan as well as create a taxable event for the participant. Likewise, if an employee is repaying the loan through ACH debit of his/her bank account, and the employee fails to make payments, this could jeopardize the eligibility of your retirement plan. Employers are ultimately responsible for ensuring that loans are repaid according to the loan terms.

ICMA-RC will notify both you and the employee if a payment has not been received.

IX. LOAN INTEREST RATE

The loan interest rates are set for non-residential loans at the prime rate plus 0.5%, and for principal residence loans at the FHA/VA rate. The interest rate for new loans fluctuates from month-to-month. The rates for the following month are determined on the last business day of the month using www.moneycafe.com/library/primerate.htm (prime rate) and www.citimortgage.com (principal residence rate).

When a new loan is approved, the interest rate is locked in and remains constant throughout the life of the loan.

X. SECURITY/COLLATERAL

At the time a loan is taken, 50 percent of the participant's account balance or the amount of the loan, whichever is less, will be used as collateral for the loan.

XI. ACCELERATION (SELECT ONE)

Please specify whether participants who have separated from service will be able to continue loan repayments until they have withdrawn their entire account balance from the plan, or if outstanding loans will be due and payable at the time the participant separates from service.

All outstanding loans shall be due and payable by a participant upon:

| Separation from service. All loan repayments must stop following an employee separating from service. |
|---|
| Distribution of his/her entire account balance. Employees can continue making loan repayments until they have withdrawn their |
| entire account balance. |

Outstanding loan balances that are not repaid will be reported as distributions to the participant. See the Deemed Distributions section for additional information.

XII. REAMORTIZATION

Reamortization changes the terms of an outstanding loan (e.g., repayment period, interest rate, frequency of repayments). Any outstanding loan may be reamortized.

Reamortization cannot extend the repayment period beyond five (5) years from the date the loan was originally issued. Or, in the case of Principal Residence Loans, beyond [the number of years specified in Section VII] years from the date the loan was originally issued.

Participants can use a loan amortization form to request that an outstanding loan be reamortized. Upon processing the request, a new disclosure statement will be sent to the employer for endorsement by the participant and approval by the employer. The executed disclosure statement must be returned to the plan administrator within 10 calendar days from the date it is signed. The new disclosure statement is considered an amendment to the original promissory note; therefore a new promissory note will not be required.

Note: A loan reamortization will not be considered a new loan for purposes of calculating the number of loans outstanding or the one loan per calendar year limit.

XIII. REFINANCE

Refinancing involves a new loan replacing an employee's outstanding loan. The refinanced loan must be repaid over a period that does not exceed five (5) years from the date when the original loan was issued.

Actively employed participants with one (1) outstanding loan may elect to refinance the outstanding loan for an additional amount, subject to the loan amount limitations outlined in Section VI, provided that the participant has not yet taken out a loan during the calendar year. Participants with multiple outstanding loans, and those who are no longer employed, are not eligible to refinance an existing loan.

Note: Principal residence loans are not eligible for refinance.

XIV. REDUCTION OF LOAN

If a participant dies prior to full repayment of the outstanding loan(s), the outstanding loan balance(s) will be deducted from the account prior to distribution to the beneficiary(ies). The unpaid loan amount is a taxable distribution and may be subject to early withdrawal penalties. The participant's estate is responsible for taxes and penalties on the unpaid loan amount, if any. A beneficiary is responsible for taxes due on the amount he or she receives. A Form 1099 will be issued to both the beneficiary and the estate for tax reporting purposes.

XV. DEEMED DISTRIBUTIONS

A loan will be deemed distributed when a scheduled payment is still unpaid at the end of the calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which the payment was due. When a loan is deemed distributed, the principal balance and any accrued interest is reported to the IRS as a taxable distribution. However, since the participant received the loan amount previously, no money is actually paid to the participant as part of a deemed distribution.

The loan is deemed distributed for tax purposes, but it is not an actual distribution and therefore remains an asset of the participant's account. Interest continues to accrue. The outstanding loan balance and accrued interest are reported on the participant's account

Repayment of a deemed distribution will not change or reverse the taxable event.

The loan continues to be outstanding, and to accrue interest, until it is repaid or offset using the participant's account balance. An offset can occur only if the participant is eligible to receive a distribution from the plan as outlined in the plan document. Participants are required to repay any outstanding loan which has been deemed distributed before they can be eligible for a new loan. The deemed distribution and any interest accrued since the date it became a taxable event is taken into account when determining the maximum amount available for a new loan. New loans must be repaid through payroll deduction.

Important Note: The employer is obligated by federal regulation to comply with the loan guideline requirements applicable to participant loans, and to ensure against deemed distribution by monitoring loan repayments, regardless of the method of repayment, and by advising employees if loans are in danger of being deemed distributed. The tax-qualified status or eligibility of the entire plan may be revoked in cases of frequent repayment delinquency or deemed distribution.

To assist plan sponsors whose plan options include loans, ICMA-RC will provide reports of participants with payments delinquent by 30 to 89 days, 90 or more days but not yet deemed, and those whose loans have been deemed distributed. ICMA-RC is committed to supporting employers who request assistance with their loan programs in order to reduce the number of delinquent loans and decrease the occurrence of deemed distributions.

LOAN GUIDELINES AGREEMENT

XVI. FEES

Attest:

Fees may be charged for various services associated with the application for and issuance of loans. All applicable fees will be debited from the participant's account balance and/or from the participant's loan repayments prior to crediting the repayment of principal and interest to the participant's account.

XVII. SIGNATURES

The Employer has the right to set other terms and conditions as it deems necessary for loans from the plan in order to comply with any legal requirements. Employer certifies that all terms and conditions will be administered in a uniform and non-discriminatory manner.

In Witness Whereof, the employer hereby caused these Guidelines to be executed

| this | day of | | , 20 |
|------------------|--------|-------|------|
| Day of the Month | • | Month | Year |
| | | | |
| EMPLOYER | | | |
| Ву: | | | _ |
| Title: | | | |

Maximum Loan Amount Worksheet

The maximum amount a participant can borrow from his or her account is \$50,000 or 50% of the account balance, whichever is less. However, the amount must be reduced by a participant's highest outstanding loan balance over the past 12 months (which, obviously, only impacts participants who have previously taken a loan from a 457 or qualified 401 plan). The minimum amount a participant can borrow is \$1,000.

EXAMPLE 1

Michael has never taken a loan from his account before and his 457 plan account balance at the close of business yesterday was \$84,000. To calculate the maximum loan amount he is eligible to receive, we need to determine if 50% of his account balance $(\$84,000 \times 50\% = \$42,000)$ is greater than or less than \$50,000. In this case, 50% of his account balance is less than \$50,000, so the maximum loan amount Michael is eligible to receive is \$42,000.

EXAMPLE 2

Kathy has never taken a loan from her account before and her 401 plan account balance at the close of business yesterday was \$240,000. In this case, 50% of Kathy's balance ($$240,000 \times 50\% = $120,000$) is greater than \$50,000, so the maximum loan amount Kathy is eligible to receive is \$50,000 (the lesser of the two amounts).

EXAMPLE 3

Pam took a \$15,000 loan from her account eight months ago (in the previous calendar year) and her 457 plan account balance at the close of business yesterday was \$130,000. In this case, 50% of Pam's balance ($$130,000 \times 50\% = $65,000$) is greater than \$50,000, but that amount must also be reduced by her highest outstanding loan balance over the past 12 months, so the maximum loan amount Pam is eligible to receive is \$35,000. (\$50,000 - \$15,000 = \$35,000)

| MAXIMUM LOAN AMOUNT WORKSHEET | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Worksheet Template | | Example (using numbers from Example 3 above) | | | | | |
| 1) Enter 50% of the participant's total plan account balance. | 1) \$ | 1) \$65,000 | | | | | |
| 2) Enter the answer to #1 or \$50,000, whichever is less. | 2) \$ | 2) \$50,000 | | | | | |
| 3) Enter the participant's highest outstanding loan balance over the past 12 months (from all of your plans combined), if applicable. | 3) -\$ | 3) - \$15,000 | | | | | |
| 4) Subtract #3 from #2 and you have the maximum amount the participant is eligible to receive as a new loan. | 4) \$(maximum loan amount) | 4) \$35,000 | | | | | |



SUGGESTED RESOLUTION FOR A LEGISLATIVE BODY **RELATING TO AMENDING A RETIREMENT PLAN TO PERMIT LOANS**

| 401 Money Purchase Plan # 401 Profit-Sharing Plan # 457 Deferred Compensation Plan # | 10 10 30 | | |
|--|---|--|------------|
| Name of Employer: | | Stat | te: |
| Resolution of the above named Employ | er ("Employer") | | |
| WHEREAS, the Employer has employe | ees rendering valuable services; and | | |
| | rement security for its employees, by | or such employees which serves the interest of the Employees providing increased flexibility in its personnel managinel; and | |
| WHEREAS, the Employer has determine objectives; | ned that permitting participants in the | the retirement plan to take loans from the Plan will se | rve these |
| NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLV | ED that the Plan will permit loans. | | |
| I,, | Clerk of the (City, County, etc.) of _ | , do hereby certif | y that |
| the foregoing resolution, proposed by (C | Council Member, Trustee, etc.) | , was duly passed and | adopted |
| in the (Council, Board, etc.) of the (Cit | y, County, etc.) of | at a regular meeting thereof assem | ıbled this |
| da | y of | , 20, by the following vote: | |
| AYES: NAYS: ABSENT: | | Clerk of the (City, County, etc.) | |

Mail or fax copies of all completed documents to ICMA-RC.

ORMail to: Fax to: Workflow Management Team

202-682-6439

ICMA-RC ATTN: Workflow Management Team P.O. Box 96220 Washington, DC 20090-6220



457 PLAN LOAN ADMINISTRATION AGREEMENT

This Agreement is not required if you have 1) only one 457 plan provider or 2) more than one plan provider each with its own plan document and provisions unique to each provider. The Agreement only applies if you have adopted a single 457 plan document under which ICMA-RC and one or more other provider(s) must operate. Please refer to the Multiple Plans/Providers section of the Loan Guidelines Agreement Instructions for more details.

This Agreement shall serve as an Addendum to the Loan Guidelines established by the Employer identified below and as an Addendum to the Administrative Services Agreement (ASA) made by and between the ICMA Retirement Corporation (ICMA-RC) and the Employer.

The Employer currently sponsors a section 457 deferred compensation plan administered by two or more providers (co-provider plan). In order to ensure the efficient administration of the loan program established by the Employer, the Employer hereby agrees and declares that

- (1) For purposes of issuing loans from the plan, that portion of the plan's assets administered by ICMA-RC will be treated as though it were a separate and distinct plan.
- (2) The Employer shall calculate the amount a participant may borrow from the ICMA-RC administered portion of the plan. No loan amount may exceed the lesser of (a) the maximum loan amount specified in Internal Revenue Code section 72(p)(2)(A) or (b) 50% of the participant's ICMA-RC-administered account balance.
- (3) All loan repayments must be made to the participant's ICMA-RC-administered account for the life of the loan.

| AGREED as of the | day of | , 20: |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Name of Employer: | | |
| State: | | |
| Employer Plan Number: 30 | | |
| | Authorized Official (Print Name): | |
| | Signature of Authorized Officials | |

Mail or fax copies of all completed documents to ICMA-RC.

Fax to:

OR

Mail to:

Workflow Management Team 202-682-6439

ICMA-RC ATTN: Workflow Management Team P.O. Box 96220

Washington, DC 20090-6220



LOAN AMENDMENT (401 PLANS ONLY)

ICMA-RC GOVERNMENTAL 401 PLAN & TRUST AMENDMENT TO ADD LOANS

| I. | Name of Employer: | State: |
|------|---|--------------|
| II. | ICMA-RC Plan # 10 | |
| III. | Loans are permitted under the plan, as provided in Article XIII of the Adoption Agreement and in the executed <i>Loan Agreement</i> . | n Guidelines |
| | In Witness Whereof, the Employer hereby causes this Agreement to be executed on | |
| | this, 20, | |
| | EMPLOYER | |
| | By: | |
| | Title: | |
| | Attest: | |

Mail or fax copies of all completed documents to ICMA-RC.

Fax to: OR

Workflow Management Team 202-682-6439

Mail to: **ICMA-RC**

ATTN: Workflow Management Team

P.O. Box 96220

Washington, DC 20090-6220